6 SEM TDC SOCH (CBCS) C 14

2025

(May)

SOCIOLOGY

(Core)

Paper : C–14

(Research Methods—II)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Choose the correct answer from the following : 1×8=8

   (a) "Social research is the investigation of the underlying process operative in the lives of persons who are in association."—Who said this?

       (i) E. S. Bogardus

       (ii) Cohen and Nagel

       (iii) P. V. Young

(b) Which one of the following is not a quality of good researcher?

    (i) Scientific attitude

    (ii) Patience

    (iii) Biased attitude

(c) Exploratory research design is

    (i) rigid in nature

    (ii) flexible in nature

    (iii) Both (i) and (ii)

(d) "A sample, as the name implies, is a smaller representation of a larger whole."—Who said this?

    (i) Goode and Hatt

    (ii) P. V. Young

    (iii) Merton

(e) Random sampling is also known as

    (i) probability sampling

    (ii) non-probability sampling

    (iii) sampling error

(f) Questionnaire is a

    (i) research method

    (ii) tool for data collection

    (iii) data analysis technique

(g) Who is the author of the book, *Methods in Social Research*?

    (i) Goode and Hatt

    (ii) P. V. Young

    (iii) Cohen and Nagel

(h) Cluster sampling is a

    (i) non-probability sampling method

    (ii) probability sampling method

    (iii) None of the above

2. Write short notes on any *four* from the following (**within 150 words** each) :   4×4=16

   (a) Types of social research

   (b) Importance of hypothesis in social research

   (c) Survey method

   (d) Sources of hypothesis

   (e) Difference between Questionnaire and Interview schedule

   (f) Focused group interview

3. Answer any *four* from the following (**within 500 words** each):   14×4=56

   (a) Define social research. Discuss the major steps of social research.   4+10=14

(b) Define research design. Discuss any one type of research design. 4+10=14

(c) What is sampling method? Discuss the basis and importance of sampling method in social research. 4+10=14

(d) What do you mean by questionnaire? Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of questionnaire method. 4+10=14

(e) Define interview method. Discuss the techniques and steps of interview in social research. 4+10=14

(f) What is statistical method? Discuss the role of statistical method in social research. 4+10=14

(g) Define median. Calculate the median from the following table: 4+10=14

Class Intervals	Frequencies
0–10	2
10–20	12
20–30	28
30–40	45
40–50	30
50–60	20
60–70	12
70–80	10
80–90	1
90–100	1

★ ★ ★