6 SEM TDC PSCH (CBCS) C 14

2024

(May)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Core)

Paper: C-14

(Indian Political Thought—II)

Full Marks: 80 Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer the following as directed: 1×8=8
 - (a) In which year was the Asiatic Society of Bengal formed?
 - Mention one objective of Satyashodhak Samaj.
 - Name the author of the book, Gandhi and Lenin.
 - Name one social evil that Raja Ram Mohan Roy fought against.

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(e) Ambedkar was a critic of four Varnas. (Write True/False)

- Mention one ideal of Islam advocated by Iqbal.
- Write one objective of Mitra Mela.
- Mention one feature of Nehru's concept of democracy.
- 2. Write short notes on any four of the following: 4×4=16
 - (a) Socialist stream of modern Indian political thought
 - Lohia's view on caste system
 - Rabindranath Tagore's view on freedom
 - Nehru's concept of planned economy
 - B. R. Ambedkar's doctrine of ideal society A mire of any about the year of the
- 3. Discuss the causes responsible for the growth and development of modern Indian political thought. 12

south the to be of the same the Explain the Nationalist stream of modern Indian political thought. What are its limitations?

4. Discuss Raja Ram Mohan Roy's views on freedom of press.

Or

11

Critically discuss Pandita Ramabai's views on gender justice and civil liberty.

5. "We are building a free secular State where every religion and belief has full freedom and equal honour." (Nehru) Discuss the statement with your own assessment.

What is meant by Satyagraha? Critically discuss the techniques of Satyagraha advocated by M. K. Gandhi. 4+7=11

6. Evaluate Ram Manohar Lohia's ideas of socialist programme. 11

Or

What is radical humanism? Discuss the principles of M. N. Roy's concept of radical humanism. 4+7=11

7. Critically discuss the theory of Hindutva forwarded by Savarkar. 11

Or

Critically discuss Md. Iqbal's concept of Islamic democracy.