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4 SEM TDC MTMH (CBCS) C 10

2024

(May/June)

MATHEMATICS

(Core)

Paper : C-10

(Ring Theory and Linear Algebra—I)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. (a) Define an integral domain with an example. 1+1=2

(b) Let R be a ring with unity 1. Show that

$$(-1)a = -a = a(-1), \forall a \in R \quad 2$$

(c) Prove that a field has no proper ideals. 3

(d) Prove that in a finite commutative ring with unity, every prime ideal is maximal. 3

(e) Answer any two of the following questions : 5×2=10

(i) Let R be the ring of 2×2 matrices having the elements as real numbers. Then show that the set of matrices of the type

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & a \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix}$$

with a and b as real numbers is a subring of R . Give an example of a subring which is not an ideal.

(ii) Let R be a commutative ring with unity and S be an ideal of R . Show that $\frac{R}{S}$ is an integral domain if and only if S is prime.

(iii) Show that each pair of elements in a principal ideal domain has the greatest common divisor.

2. (a) Define kernel of a homomorphism. 1

(b) Let C be the ring of complex numbers. Is the map $f : C \rightarrow C$ such that

$$f(x+iy) = x-iy$$

where x and y are reals, a ring homomorphism? Justify. 2

(c) Let R and R' be two rings and $f : R \rightarrow R'$ be a ring homomorphism. Show that—

(i) $f(0) = 0'$, where 0 is zero element of R and $0'$ is zero element of R' ;

(ii) $f(-a) = -f(a), \forall a \in R.$ 2+2=4

(d) Determine all ring homomorphisms from \mathbb{Z} to \mathbb{Z} where \mathbb{Z} is the ring of integers. 3

(4)

- (e) State and prove the first theorem of isomorphism. 5

Or

If S is an ideal of a ring R and T is any subring of R , then show that

$$\frac{S+T}{S} \cong \frac{T}{S \cap T}$$

3. (a) Define a vector space. 2
- (b) Prove that a subset of a linearly independent set is linearly independent. 2
- (c) Does the set $\{(1, 1, 1), (1, 2, 3), (2, -1, 1)\}$ form a basis for \mathbb{R}^3 ? Justify. 3
- (d) Let W be a subspace of \mathbb{R}^4 spanned by $\{(1, -2, 5, -3), (2, 3, 1, -4), (3, 8, -3, -5)\}$
Find a basis and dimension of W . 3
- (e) Let W_1 and W_2 be two subspaces of V .
Then show that
 $\dim(W_1 + W_2) = \dim W_1 + \dim W_2 - \dim(W_1 \cap W_2)$ 5

(5)

Or

Let V be a vector space of n -dimension and W be a subspace of V . Show that any basis $\{W_1, W_2, \dots, W_k\}$ of W can be extended to a basis $\{V_1, V_2, \dots, V_n\}$ of V such that $V_i = W_i, \forall 1 \leq i \leq k$.

4. (a) What is the range space of a linear transformation? 1
- (b) Prove that the map $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ defined by
 $T(x, y, z) = (x, y), \forall (x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3$
is a linear map. 2
- (c) Consider the map $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ defined by
 $T(x, y, z) = (x+y, y+z, z+x), \forall (x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3$
Show that T is one-one and onto. 2
- (d) Find $\text{Im } T$ and $\text{ker } T$, where T is a map
 $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ defined by

$$T(x, y, z) = (x+2y-z, y+z, x+y-2z), \forall (x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3$$

3+2=5

5. Answer any four of the following questions :

5×4=20

- (a) Let V and W be two finite dimensional vector space, over a field F . Show that V and W are isomorphic if and only if

$$\dim(V) = \dim(W)$$

- (b) Let $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ be a linear map defined by

$$T(x, y, z) = (x+z, x-z, y), (x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3$$

Prove that T is invertible and find T^{-1} .

- (c) Let V and W be two vector spaces over a field F , and let $T: V \rightarrow W$ be linear. Show that $T^{-1}: W \rightarrow V$ is linear if T is invertible.

- (d) Let $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ and $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ be linear and

$$T(x, y, z) = (4x, 3y, -2z)$$

and $S(x, y) = (-2x, y)$

Find ST .

- (e) Let

$$\beta_1 = \{(1, 0), (0, 1)\}$$

and $\beta_2 = \{(1, 2), (2, 3)\}$

be two bases of \mathbb{R}^2 . Find the transition matrix P from basis β_2 to basis β_1 .

- (f) Let V and W be two vector spaces and $T: V \rightarrow W$ be a linear map. Show that

$$\dim V = \text{rank } T + \text{nullity } T$$

- (g) Let $\phi: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ be such that

$$\phi(x, y) = (x-y, x+y), (x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

and ϕ be linear. Prove that ϕ is an isomorphism.
