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2 SEM TDC GGRH (CBCS) C 4

2023

(May/June)

GEOGRAPHY

(Core)

Paper : C-4

(**Geography of India**)

Full Marks : 53

Pass Marks : 21

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Answer the following as directed : 1×5=5

(a) The Kashmir Valley lies between the Pir Panjal and Mussoorie range.

(Write True or False)

(b) The khadar/bhangar soil is found in the low areas of the valley which are flooded every year.

(Choose the correct one)

(2)

(c) TELCO and MUL are important producers of _____ in India.

(Fill in the blank)

(d) The highest peak of the Mishmi Hills is the Namcha Barwa.

(Write True or False)

(e) Garampani of Dima Hasao has considerable deposits of manganese / limestone. (Choose the correct one)

2. Give short answers (within 100 words each) : $3 \times 4 = 12$

(a) Write briefly about the linguistic composition of Indian population.

(b) Describe in brief about the spatial distribution of rice cultivation in India.

(c) Write in brief about the types of soil in North-East India.

(d) Give a brief description about the petrochemical industry of Assam.

3. Describe the Great Plains of India mentioning its geographical significance. $10 + 2 = 12$

Or

Give an account of the climatic characteristics of India. Mention its influence in the vegetation of the country. $8 + 4 = 12$

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(Continued)

(3)

4. Give an account of the growth of population in India. Describe two problems of India's population. $8 + 4 = 12$

Or

Describe how the availability of iron ore and coal resources have influenced the development of industries in the eastern part of India. 12

5. Divide North-East India into physiographic units and describe any one of them. $2 + 10 = 12$

Or

Give an account of the mineral resources of Assam. Write briefly why Assam is industrially backward. $8 + 4 = 12$

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